

### APPLIED INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY

9713/13 October/November 2016

Paper 1 Written A MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 80

Published

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# 1 (a) Three matched pairs from:

Laser printer produces high quality hard copy by using toner Used to print out projects/coursework

Inkjet printer produces high quality hard copy by spraying ink onto paper Allows photo quality output of pictures to be included in the project/for draft quality of first attempts of work

3D printer to produce solid, physical outputs/objects/models by allowing layers of material to be produced

Allows students to print solid objects/models for technology projects e.g. solid representation of a design from a CAD application

Wide format printer uses inkjet technology on large size paper Used to produce printouts of projects produced in Art

[6]

## (b) (i) Four from:

Magnetic stripe cards are susceptible to magnetic interference which can wipe the data on them

This can come from close proximity to a mobile phone

If the card is lost/damaged/stolen/forgotten/misplaced student cannot enter the college If the card is lost/damaged/stolen/forgotten/misplaced student cannot access services from the college

If the reader malfunctions student cannot enter the college

If stolen it can be used by unauthorised person/other student to enter the college or to access services from the college

Can cause queues at entry points to the college because students have to find and use the card [4]

### (ii) Five from:

College authorities know how many students are present at any time (if card is also used for exit)...

... important for emergencies e.g. fire drills

College could use it for individual student attendance records

Students could use card to pay for purchases like food, trips and books

College authorities could collect information on which resources are being used/not used by students...

...to know the times of day when the library is heavily used

Students could use cards to borrow books from library

College can grant different access rights/privileges to groups of students

College could keep records of which students have borrowed equipment/resources

[5]

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# (c) Six from:

If the author's credentials are good it is likely to be reliable Check the URL, does it end with .gov or .ac or .ed which usually indicates reliability... .co or .com at the end of the website address indicates that it is a commercial site and is likely to be biased Compare information with other sites/other reliable books/text books Check when the site was last updated - if the date of the last update was a long time ago it is likely to be unreliable If site has excessive advertising it could be unreliable/if the advertising is related only to its own products it could be unreliable If site is endorsed by reliable/reputable people/organisations it can be accepted as being reliable/if it has links to other reliable sites/ sites which have testimonials it is usually reliable/if it has testimonials it is likely to be reliable Sites which have grammatical/spelling mistakes are likely to be unreliable If it has been recommended by teachers it is likely to be reliable [6]

#### 2 Six from:

Proof read and correct the document to ensure that it makes sense Check for accuracy of description of equipment available and its use Check for consistency of line spacing/character spacing to make sure that the distance between lines/paragraphs/characters is standard

Check lists/tables/charts are not split over two pages

Check that there are no widows or orphans produced; no single lines from a paragraph/list are at the top or bottom of pages without the rest of the text

[6]

Ensure that tables and charts fit boundaries of page/columns accurately

Use spellchecker to find misspelled words

Use grammar checker to ensure that document adheres to syntax of language

#### 3 (a) Five from:

Database to store details of customers and their requirements

Graphics software allowing the company to create illustrations to use in the webpages Web authoring software to allow the company to produce webpages into which the assets can be set for customers

Text editing software to type up html markup

Animation production software to create animated images/cartoons as assets for illustrative purposes [5]

Image editing to transform assets so that they fit the requirements of the page

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(b)	(i)	Two from:		
		User Ids and passwords so that those who do not know the passwords Encryption so that those who do not have the correct decryption kee unable/understand to read the information accessed Memorable data – something only the staff member knows used in User Id	ey are	
(b) (	(ii)	Duty of confidence Duty of fidelity Anonymised information Aggregated information Data protection legislation		[' [' [' ['

## 4 (a) Two matched pairs from:

A robot arm has greater accuracy/fewer errors than a human... ...is able to reach a specific programmed position with a minimum of errors/sensors measure variables more accurately than the human eye

There are lower running costs... ...after robots are paid for, there is no need to pay wages to the workers they have replaced/there are lower utility costs

Work/work rate is of a consistent standard... ...they do not get tired and make mistakes

It is a safer/less dangerous environment for humans... ...robots are able to work in harsh/hazardous conditions meaning that humans don't have to

The whole process can be continuous/24 hours a day 7 days a week... ....without having to stop at shift changeovers

Robots have greater productivity...

...robots can produce a greater quantity of products in a given period of time

[4]

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# (b) Four from:

The programmer controls the robot by physically guiding the arm through each step using the drill

The programmer has sensors attached to his/her arm

The sensors transmit data to the computer

The computer stores the sequence of movements...

...as a program in its memory

The robot arm is therefore able to repeat the actions every time a new unit comes down the assembly line [4]

## 5 (a) Three matched pairs from:

### Parallel running:

The old and new systems are run at the same time Computerised production of Yaravan and normal workforce production are run together until the robot system has no bugs

### Direct changeover:

The new system replaces the old system immediately The old production line is shut down and the new one is installed in one go

## Phased implementation:

Implementing one part of the system while rest of system remains unchanged/implementing system part by part The cars continue to be produced by the workforce but are painted by robots [6]

(b) Six from:

# Advantages:

It is a safer/less dangerous/less hazardous environment for humans The work areas are cleaner Jobs are less boring Don't have to lift heavy weights

Disadvantages:

Unemployment Will have to re-train in order to keep a job Loss of social interaction with other workers Deskilling can occur

[6]

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## 6 (a) Four from:

Bar chart:

Individual <u>values can be read from the axis/no meaning to intermediate values</u>/emphasises <u>differences from one block to another</u>

Pie chart:

Small number of segments used to show <u>relative</u> sizes/actual numerical values are not important

## Comparative bar chart:

Differences between figures for different institutions AND between different years <u>are easier</u> to see

Line graph:

Shows the trend from one year to the next making extrapolation possible

[4]

## (b) Three from:

Staring at a computer <u>screen</u> <u>continuously</u> can cause problems with one's sight Typing at a keyboard <u>continuously</u> can cause RSI Gripping a mouse and <u>repetitive</u> clicking can cause carpal tunnel syndrome/RSI Sitting in the <u>same position/with wrong posture all day</u> can cause lower back pain Staring at a computer screen <u>all day</u> can cause eye strain/headaches <u>Poor positioning</u> of screen can cause upper back/neck/shoulder pain/eyestrain/headaches <u>Glare</u> from screen can cause eye strain/headaches [3]

# 7 (a) Eight from:

Sequential filing is when the records are stored in order Sequential – all records are read when the update to the files is carried out Sequential – individual records may be slower to find Sequential – individual records may take longer to edit The only way to add new records to a sequential file is to store them at the end of the file Sequential – a record can only be replaced if the new record is exactly the same length as the original Sequential – records can only be updated if the data item used to replace the existing data is

exactly the same length The processing of records in a sequential file is slower than with other types of file

Random access filing is when the records are stored in no particular order...

... makes querying a single record easier

Random access filing – no need to keep a transaction file as changes can be made as and when they happen [8]

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# (b) Six from:

The transaction file is sorted in the same order as the master file First record in the transaction file read Reads first record in the old master file These two records are compared If records don't match computer writes master file record to new master file If it matches transaction is carried out

Then

If transaction relates to calculation of pay:

Computer calculates the pay Using rate of pay from master file Using hours worked from transaction file Computer calculates the income tax/insurance/pension contributions Computer subtracts this from total pay Processed record is written to master file Process is repeated until end of old master file

If transaction relates to deletion, amendment or insertion:

If deletion or amendment old master file record not written to file If amendment/insertion data in transaction file written to master file Process is repeated until end of old master file Processed record is written to master file